Kentucky Department of Insurance

Pharmacy Benefit Manager Review Guide

PBM ENTITY NAME	Incorporation/Formation Date			
PBM Entity ID #:	Date of Receipt:	Check # or Online Pay	ment Date	
w	/ebsite Address			
Address of Home Office:		City	State	Zip Code
Business Address:		City	State	Zip Code
Mailing Address:	P.O. Box	City	State	Zip Code
Phone Number	Fax Number	Business E-Mail Address		
Contact Person	Contact's Phone Number	Contact's E-mail address		
Delegated Entitites	Delegated R	Functions		

Administration & Operation	Compliant	Need Additional Information RE:	Policy Reference	REQ
 KRS 304.17A-162 (1) (a) PBM IDENTIFY SOURCES & ESTABLISH APPEALS PROCESS RE: MAC PRICING Have a policy that PBM shall identify sources used to calculate drug reimbursement and establish a process to appeal and resolve disputes regarding maximum allowable cost pricing. <u>806 KAR 17:575</u> Process for MAC appeals process and process for the review of complaint associated with MAC appeal and requirements for the cost listings made available by a PBM. 				REQ U I R E M E N T S
KRS 304.17A-162 (1) (b) APPEAL PROCESS & 806 KAR 17:575 Have a policy with detailed description of the MAC Pricing Dispute Appeal Process to be used by contracted pharmacies, pharmacy services and administration organizations of group purchasing organization, including the appeals policy and procedure, pursuant to <u>KRS.17A-162 (1) (b)</u> and <u>806</u> <u>KAR 17:575.</u>				
 <u>806 KAR 17:575 (2)</u> PBM shall establish a MAC pricing appeal process where a contracted pharmacy or the pharmacy's designee may appeal if (a) The maximum allowable cost established for a drug reimbursement is below the cost at which the drug is available for purchase by pharmacists and pharmacies in Kentucky from national or regional wholesalers licensed in Kentucky by the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy; or (b) The pharmacy benefit manager has placed a drug on the maximum allowable cost list in violation of <u>KRS 304.17A-162(8)</u>. 				
Right to appeal limited to 60 days following initial claim and PBM shall accept an appeal on or before 60 days of initial claim per <u>806 KAR 17:575 (2) (a)</u>				
Per <u>806 KAR 17:575 (2)c)</u> A provision allowing a contracted pharmacy, pharmacy service administration organization or group purchasing organization, to initiate the appeal process, regardless if an appeal has previously been submitted by a pharmacy or the pharmacy's designee outside of Kentucky, by contacting the pharmacy benefit manager's designated contact person electronically, by mail, or telephone. If the appeal process is initiated by telephone, the appealing party shall follow up with a written request within three (3) days.				
Per <u>806 KAR 17:575 (3)</u> The pharmacy benefit manager's maximum allowable cost pricing appeal process shall be readily accessible to contracted pharmacies electronically through publication on the pharmacy benefit manager's website, and in either the contracted pharmacy's contract with the pharmacy benefit manager or through a pharmacy provider manual distributed to contracted pharmacies, pharmacy service administration organizations, and group purchasing organizations.				

Acknowledgement Letter	
Per 806 KAR 17:575 (5) The pharmacy benefit manager shall investigate, resolve, and respond to the	
appeal within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of the appeal. Upon resolution, the pharmacy benefit	
manager shall issue a written response to the appealing party that shall include the	
following:	
(a) The date of the decision;	
(b) The name, phone number, mailing address, email address, and title of the person making the	
decision; and	
(c) A statement setting forth the specific reason for the decision, including specific requirements for	
appeals denied and granted. (Listed below)	
Detailed description of the MAC Pricing Dispute Appeal Process to be used by contracted pharmacies,	
pharmacy services and administration organizations of group purchasing organization, including the	
appeals policy and procedure, pursuant to KRS.17A-162 (1) (b).	
Appeals process should include following provisions:	
 Right to appeal limited to appeal received on or before 60 days following initial claim; 	
The appeal shall be investigated and resolved by PBM within 10 calendar days;	
The PBM shall respond to all appeals in a manner approved by the department	
Denial Letter	
□ If an appeal is denied the PBM shall provide the following:	
a.) the reason for the denial per <u>KRS 17A-162</u> and additional requirements for <u>806</u>	
KAR 17:575 including	
\Box (a) The date of the decision;	
(b) The name, phone number, mailing address, email address, and title of the	
person making the decision; and	
(c) A statement setting forth the specific reason for the decision, including:	
(i) The NDC or the NDC of a therapeutically equivalent drug as defined in KRS	
<u>304.17A-162(9)</u> of the same dosage, dosage form, and strength of the appealed	
drug and	
(ii) identify the source where (NDC) may be purchased from the Kentucky licensed	
wholesaler offering the drug at or below MAC on the date of fill the reason for the	
denial ((C)and where it may be purchased by contracted pharmacies)	
KRS 304.17A-162 (2) (a-f) APPEALS GRANTED FOR PRICE UPDATES	
KRS 304/17A-162 (a) and 806 KAR 17:575 (5)(c)(1) If the appeal is granted: Per 806 KAR	
<u>17:575 (5)</u> The pharmacy benefit manager shall investigate, resolve, and respond to the	
appeal within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of the appeal. Upon resolution, the pharmacy	
benefit manager shall issue a written response to the appealing party that shall include the	
following:	
(a) The date of the decision;	
(b) The name, phone number, mailing address, email address, and title of the person making	
the decision; and	
(c) A statement setting forth the specific reason for the decision, including: KRS 304/17A-162	
(a) and 806 KAR 17:575 (5)(c)(1) If the appeal is granted:	

(i) The amount of the adjustment to be paid retroactive to the initial date of service to the	
appealing pharmacy, (which is the date appealed drug was dispensed);	
(ii) The drug name, national drug code, and prescription number of the appealed drug;	
(iii) The appeal number assigned by the pharmacy benefit manager, if applicable	
PLUS (a-f of statute 162) items listed below.	
□ If a price update is warranted as a result of an appeal granted the PBM shall:	
A.) make the change in the maximum allowable cost to the initial date of service	
the appealed drug was dispensed;	
B.) adjust the maximum allowable cost of the drug for the appealing pharmacy and	
for all other contracted pharmacies in the network of that PBM that filled a	
prescription for patients covered under the same health benefit plan to the initial	
date of service the appealed drug was dispensed;	
C.) individually notify all other contracted pharmacies in the network of that PBM	
that a retroactive maximum allowable cost adjustment has been made as a result of	
a granted appeal effective to the initial date of service the appealed drug was	
dispensed;	
 D.) adjust the drug product reimbursement for contracted pharmacies that resubmit 	
claims to reflect the adjusted maximum allowable cost if applicable to their	
contract;	
E.) allow the appealing pharmacy and all other contracted pharmacies in the	
network that filled prescriptions for patients covered under the same health benefit	
plan to reverse and resubmit claims and receive payment based on the adjusted	
maximum allowable cost from the initial date of service the appealed drug was	
dispensed; and	
F.) make retroactive price adjustments in the next payment cycle.	
806 KAR 17:575 (8) A pharmacy benefit manager shall submit the maximum allowable cost pricing	
appeal process and a template response satisfying the requirements of subsection (5) of this section	
to the department for review and approval. 806 KAR 17:575(8)	
KRS 304.17A-162 (3) NATIONAL DRUG SOURCES USED TO ESTABLISH MAC FOR REIMBURSEMENT	
Identify the national drug pricing compendia or sources used to obtain drug price data (in a manner	
established by administrative regulations promulgated by the department) for every drug for which	
the PBM establishes a maximum allowable cost to determine the drug product reimbursement.	
Section 6. Data Source Availability. Each pharmacy benefit manager shall identify electronically or	
within contracts to all contracted pharmacies the national drug pricing compendia or sources used to	
obtain drug price data for those drugs subject to maximum allowable cost provisions. If any changes	
are made to the data sources following the execution of a contract, the pharmacy benefit manager	
shall individually notify the contracted pharmacies of the changes either through correspondence	
submitted electronically, facsimile, or mail courier. <u>KRS 304.17A-162(3)</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (4) EACH DRUG SUBJECT TO MAC & ACTUAL MAC	
Identify the location of the PBM's comprehensive list of every drug subject to MAC for each drug and	
the actual maximum allowable cost for each drug.	

(a) Be in an electronically accessible format, unless, upon written request by the pharmacy the update	
be provided in paper or other agreed format within two (2) business days of receipt of the request from	
the contracted pharmacy;	
(b) Identify the basis for each drug's inclusion on the update;	
(c) If a drug is added to the maximum allowable cost list, the maximum allowable cost price shall be	
indicated;	
(d) Identify all drugs removed from the maximum allowable cost list;	
(e) If a change in the maximum allowable cost price is made, include the old price , and new price ;	
(f) Identify the drug name, national drug code, generic code number, and the applicable health	
benefit plan information; and	
(g) Identify the effective date of the change.	
<u>KRS 304.17A-162(7)</u> & <u>806 KAR 17:575</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (8) DRUG PRODUCTS & TEES SUBJECT TO MAC ARE AVAILABLE	ļ
Ensure every drug subject to PBM's maximum allowable costs are:	ľ
A.) Generally available for purchase by pharmacists and pharmacies in Kentucky from a	
national or regional wholesaler licensed in Kentucky by the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy;	
B.) Not obsolete, temporarily unavailable, or listed on a drug shortage list; and	
□ C1.) Drugs that have an "A" or "B" rating in the most recent version of the United States	
Food and Drug Administration Approved (USDA) Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence	
Evaluations(TEE), also known as the Orange Book; or	
C2.) Drugs that have a "NR" or NA" rating or have a similar rating by a nationally recognized	
reference. <u>KRS 304.17A-162(8)</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (9) REIMBURSEMENTS ARE FOR SPECIFIC DRUG PRODUCTS & TEES	j
Have a policy to ensure that reimbursement for a drug subject to maximum allowable cost is based	
solely on specific drug and drugs that are therapeutically equivalent if the therapeutically equivalent	
drugs are listed in the most recent version of the Orange Book (which is USDA Approved Drug	
Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations). <u>KRS 304.17A-162(9)</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (10) REIMBURSEMENT FOR "B" DRUG PRODUCTS & TEEs	<u>j</u>
Have a policy to ensure that reimbursement for a "B" rated drug subject to maximum allowable cost	
is based solely on specific drug and drugs that are not therapeutically equivalent to a "B" rating in the	
most recent version of the Orange Book. KRS 304.17A-162(10)	
KRS 304.17A-162 (11) REIMBURSEMENT FOR "NR" OR"NA" DRUG PRODUCTS & TEES	
Have a policy to ensure that reimbursement for a "NR" or "NA" rating or similar rating by a nationally	
recognized reference subject to maximum allowable cost is based solely on that specific drug and	
other drugs with a "NR" or "NA" rating or similar rating by a nationally recognized reference that	
meets criteria for therapeutic equivalence used in the Orange Book. <u>KRS 304.17A-162(11)</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (12) REIMBURSEMENT FOR DRUG PRODUCT WITHOUT TEE	
Have a policy to ensure that reimbursement for a drug subject to maximum allowable cost is based	
solely on that drug if there is no other therapeutically equivalent drug. <u>KRS 304.17A-162(12)</u>	
KRS 304.17A-162 (13) REIMBURSEMENT FOR DRUG PRODUCTS ARE AVAILABLE	

Have a policy to ensure that reimbursement for a drug subject to maximum allowable cost is not			
based on a drug that is obsolete, temporarily unavailable, listed on a drug shortage list, or that cannot be lawfully substituted. <u>KRS 304.17A-162(13)</u>			
KRS 304.17A-167 STANDARDS FOR ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS			
Have a process for electronically requesting and transmitting prior authorization for a drug by			
providers that meets the requirement of the most recent National Council for Prescription Drug			
Programs SCRIPT standards for electronic prior authorization transactions adopted by the US Dept. of			
Health and Human Services. KRS 304.17A-167			
45 CFR 156.122 EXCEPTIONS POLICY & POLICY TO ACCESS RETAIL PHARMACY			
Have an <i>Exceptions Policy</i> which allows an enrollee, designee, or prescribing provider to gain access to			
clinically appropriate drugs not otherwise covered by the plan within 72 hours, and includes a			
standard procedure. 45 CFR 156.122			
Have an <i>Exceptions Policy</i> which allows an enrollee, designee, or prescribing provider to gain access to			
clinically appropriate drugs not otherwise covered by the plan which includes an expedited			
procedure.			
Have a policy that explains the process that gives the ability to access prescriptions from an in-network			
retail, unless special handling or another reason proves that the prescription cannot be provided by a			
retail pharmacy.			
OTHER POLICIES POLICY RE: PHARMACY & THERAPEUTICS COMMITTEE			
Have a policy and procedure relating to the resolution of MAC pricing complaints which are filed with			
the Kentucky Department of Insurance, including timeframes and sample appeal response letter.			
Include a sample of following letters/templates:			
a.) acknowledgement letter			
b.) appeal granted from PBM to pharmacist			
c.) appeal denial from PBM to pharmacist			
d.) individual notification informing all contracted pharmacies of an adjustment in reimbursement as a			
result of a granted appeal.			
Have a policy explaining any Pharmacy and Therapeutics committee membership standards and duties,			
including how often the committee meets, structure, and the decision-making process.			
Section 7 of KAR 17:575: Annual report. All pharmacy benefit managers licensed to do business in			
Kentucky shall transmit at least annually by March 31 to the department a Pharmacy Benefit Manager			
Annual Report. Please find the Annual Report here. Or, it can be submitted electronically if you			
have an eServices account.			
All supporting documentation including but not limited to Provider Agreement templates			
if any responsibilities are delegated and Pharmacy Agreement templates. Please note that			
any delegated entities must be Kentucky Licensed prior to the approval of your			
submitted renewal.			
OTHER REQUIREMENTS MAY BE VERIFIED BY LICENSURE	·		
Have proof of financial responsibility in the amount of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).			
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Have proof of registration with the Kentucky Secretary of State's office in order to do business in Kentucky.		
Have \$1,000 non-refundable fee (KRS 304.9-200(4)), made payable to the Kentucky State Treasurer. The fee may also be paid through <u>eServices</u> . To pay application fees through eServices, a "Business Entity – License Administrator" account is required. Allow 48 hours after receipt of application to pay these fees under "pay pending fees" from the menu.		

	FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY		
PBM Coordinator Received:			
PBM Coordinator Initial Review			
Completed:			
Suspense/Objection Letter Sent:			
Response Received from PBM:			
Completion of PBM Health			
Requirements:	Date of Health Review Completed	Reviewer signature	